

MT-100 INTRODUCTION TO MATHEMATICS

Algebra:

Complex Number: Properties of complex numbers, conjugates and modules. Geometrical representation of complex numbers $a+ ib$.

Quadratic Equations:

Roots of a quadratic equation (real, distinct, equal and imaginary roots). Formation of quadratic equation when the roots are given.

Cube Roots of Unity:

Properties of cube root of unity.

Matrices:

Properties, sum, difference and multiplication of matrices. Cramer's rule, solution of linear equations of three unknowns.

Determinants:

Properties, addition, subtraction and multiplication of determinants, sequence and series, arithmetic progression, standard forms of an A. P.; arithmetic means. Geometric progression, standard forms of a G. P., sum of Infinite geometric series, geometric means. Harmonic progression, harmonic means. Relation between H.M., A.M. and G.M.

Permutation and Combination:

Recognition between permutation and combination cases, factorial $n!$, $0! = 1$ etc.

Binomial Expression:

Expansion of type for positive integer of n . Use of the general term and determine the middle term or terms of the expansion.

Partial Fraction:

Resolve into partial fractions, proper fraction, improper fraction, when all factors of denominator are linear but some are repeated. When denominator has repeated irreducible quadratic factors.

Functions:

One-one function, onto function, even function, odd function, exponential function, trigonometric function and logarithmic function.

Circular Measure:

Understand the definition of radians and use the relationship between radians and degrees.

Trigonometric Functions:

Basic functions e.g. sine, cosine, tangent etc. relation between them. Trigonometric identities sum and difference formulae, multiple angle formulae. Express type $\{a(\sin?) + b(\cos?)\}$ in $R\sin(? \pm f)$ etc. Inverse functions.

Differential Calculus:

Limits: Basic concepts; limit of form $\{(\sin x)/x\} = 1$; when x tends to zero. Exponent functions and type a^x etc.

Differentiation:

Differentiation of x^n product and quotient formula, trigonometric functions, exponents and logarithmic functions. Differentiations, minima and maxima, tangent and normal, velocity and acceleration, rate of reaction etc.

Integral Calculus:

Basic Integration: Integrals of sum powers of x , trigonometric functions, exponent functions and logarithmic functions.

Integration by parts: e.g \sin , e and \log etc.

Substitution method; understanding of integration form $\{f(x)/g(x)\}$ and $[f(x)]^n g(x)$ etc. Standard Application of integration: Area, volume, velocity and acceleration.

Coordinate Geometry:

Lines: Find length, mid-point, gradient of line segment, given the coordinates of end points. Different forms of equation of a line. Angle between two lines, distance of a point from a line.

Conic Sections:

Circle: Equation of circle using radius and coordinate of center. Tangents and normal.

Parabola: Equation of parabola, focus, vertex, directrix and intersection of parabola.

Ellipse: Equation of ellipse, eccentricity, foci, latus rectum, major and minor axes.

Hyperbola: Equation of hyperbola, foci, directrices, eccentricity and latus rectum etc.